IN THE MATTER OF:

Commission of Inquiry into the Circumstances
Surrounding the Death of Phoenix Sinclair

CROSS-EXAMINATION OF: GWENDOLYN MILDRED GOSEK

CROSS-EXAMINATION BY: MI

MR. J. KROFT and MR. D. IRELAND

CROSS-EXAMINATION DATE: FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 2012

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ORIGINAL

The Cross-examination on Affidavit of GWENDOLYN
MILDRED GOSEK, viva voce, on oath, had and taken by Jill
Proctor, an Official Examiner in this Honourable
Court, at the University of Manitoba Room EITC E1-270, in
the City of Winnipeg, Province of Manitoba, on Friday, the
1st day of May 2012 at 10:12 a.m.

APPEARANCES:

On behalf of the Witness:

Mr. G. Juliano, Ms M. Versace

On behalf of the Media Group:

Mr. J. Kroft, Ms. B. Chisick

On behalf of Kim Edwards And Steve Sinclair:

Mr. D. Ireland

On behalf of CFS General, North, South, ANCR:

Mr. L. Bernas

On behalf of Intertribal

Child and Family Services:

Mr. H. Kahn

Jill Proctor, Official Examiner, Q.B.

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EXHIBIT	#	1	-	AFFIDAVIT.	1	-

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	1		•	3
1	FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 2012, 10:12 A.M.	1		A I teach
2	·	2	5	Q By that I mean children and their
3	GWENDOLYN MILDRED GOSEK, BEING FIRST	3		families?
4	DULY AFFIRMED TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:	4		A I am not working in child welfare. No.
5		5	6	Q When was the last time that you held a job
6	CROSS-EXAMINATION	6		where you were working with clients and
7		7		families?
8	BY MR. KROFT:	8		A That would be '97.
9	1 Q I will be proceeding with Ms Gosek on the	9	7	Q And since then have you been an academic?
10	same basis that I proceeded with the other	10		A Yes.
11	witnesses, and that in part depending on the	11	8	Q Have you ever testified at public inquiry?
12	evidence given, I will argue my right to move	12	_	A No. I haven't.
1.3	to strike. I will argue that as part of the	13	9	Q Have you ever testified at an inquest?
14	motion, I am not insisting on an earlier	14		A No.
15	hearing for all of the time issues that Mr.	15	10	
16	Bernas pointed out in his e-mail yesterday.	16		A No. I have not.
17	MR. JULIANO: That is fine.	17	11	Q Have you ever been involved as a front
18	BY MR. KROFT:	18		line social worker, I guess it would be back in
19	2 Q You have before you, Ms Gosek, a clean	19		the '90s, where a child died while being a
20	copy, I believe of the affidavit that you swore	20		client?
21	in this matter. And as we always do, we will	21		A No.
22	would like to mark that as an exhibit to this	22	12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
23	examination, so that will be Exhibit 1. With	23		workers who were dealing with such a situation?
24	your permission, counsel.	24		A My time in child welfare, where I worked
25	EXHIBIT # 1 - AFFIDAVIT.	25		directly in child welfare was in a support
 	2	ļ		4
1	MR. KROFT: Mr. Juliano, you actually are	1		position. And the rest of my work was as
2	not bringing on behalf of your client any	2		executive director, or coordinator working with
3	applications in this matter?	3		support services. Whereby we worked with
4	MR. JULIANO: No, we are not bringing any	4		social workers, and simply sat at the table
4	motion on our own.	5		through many of the discussions. And I
5, 6	MR. KROFT: And I understand that, Ms Gosek	6		believe a lot of familiarity in terms of what
7	is being put forward as a witness with expertise?	7		circumstances they were working with, because
1	MR. JULIANO: That's correct.	8		we were working basically with the same
8	MR. KROFT: Could you state for the record	9		families and same children and youth. So a
10	the area of expertise that you feel Ms Gosek has?	10		lot of those situations were, and through
11	MR. JULIANO: Ms Gosek, we are presenting	11		cooperation, through discussions.
12	her as an expert, essentially, in the area of the,	12	13	
13	the stresses that are existent on social workers, and	13	. 3	having discussions with other social workers,
14	others working in child protection. And her	14		who were in turn dealing with the clients?
15	affidavit essentially speaks to those types of	15		A Right. The children would have been in
16	issues.	16		care of child welfare. We would have been
17	MR. KROFT: The expertise is, then relates	17		looking after them through Ndinawemaaganag
18	to stresses on social workers involved in the child	18		Endaawaad, the safe home, as well as Native
19	welfare system providing services to clients?	19		Women's Transition Centre, so the families that
20	MR. JULIANO: Correct.	20		came into the Transition Centre were, had
21	BY MR. KROFT:	21		children in care, the children that came in to
22	3 Q Ms Gosek, I am not ignoring you.	22		the safe home were also in care, so we had that
23	A No.	23		working relationship with Child and Family
24	4 Q Are you currently in a job where you	24		Services.
25	provide services to clients?	25	14	
	F12 1112 2 21112 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	-		to the production was not working many
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child welfare organization, it was with what is the term that - I am sorry I am drawing a blank, with partner organizations in similar fields? A Except for a period of time when I did to some support work. A Except for a period of time when I did to some support work. A It means working directly front line with with the youth, and famililes, but it is not - it is a youth care support worker. It is Q where you a social worker at that time? A Yes, I had my degrees in social work. A Social worker for the most part would be working directly with the mildren and youth in a support worker of ose? A A a social worker for the most part would be working directly with families, and apprehend, and to bring children into care. The support worker works directly with the children and youth in a support manner. A Yes, Q So you would have reported To a social worker, I take it? A Yes, Q So you were a support worker, and then you were an administrator in respect to partner agencies, is that what you have bed the early large agency in families, and again most - the majority of the families would have been connected to child welfare. A They have little three hundred employees at this point. A They have little three hundred demployees at this point. A No. That was a decision I made early on. A No. That was a decision I made early on.				page		<u> </u>
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because that is when I went into care. I was in care for eight years, and it was at that time actually I decided lwas going to be a social worker. Were you a social worker at that time? A Yes. I had my degrees in social work. C A Yes. I had my degrees in social work. A S Lgot to know more about social work. A S Lgot to know more about social work. As I got to know more about social work. As I got to know more about social work. As Lgot know more about social work. As Lgot to know more about social work. As Lgot know more	1					
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on in order to come to your conclusions, you

would agree with me that it was important to

you that you knew the source of the article,

Q When you say consistent, that means you

look at other things they have written, and,

see if they are, they have a consistent,

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1		13 consistency amongst the various work that they	4		families, and the children, as opposed to
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2		have done, is that what you mean?	2		relying on other people's reports?
3		A Well, internal consistency in terms of	3		A I believe it is.
4		their argument. Whether or not their argument	4	57	Q And I am not a social worker, and my wife
5		makes sense, in view of what they are	5		who is a psychiatrist, says I am not even
6		presenting as factual.	6		psychologically minded, but I am going to ask
7	49	Q Okay. So that would just be within the	7		you any way, that when you actually observe a
8		four corners of the article?	8		person, their body language, tone of voice,
9		A Yes. But you also, when you review the	9		things like that, you learn information that is
10		literature, you look for patterns of who they	10		important to evaluating the information they
l		are quoting, like, so, who are they	ł		•
11		· · ·	11		are giving you verbally, isn't that right?
12		referencing, and how those individuals are also	12		A It is. It is also part of one of the
13		the, if they, if they are respected within the	13		courses that we teach, communication courses,
14		field, and if they are known to be credible.	14		and talking about body language and so forth.
15	50	Q So, not only is it important to know who	15		So it is expected that we do have some insight
16		wrote the article, but also who those people	16		into that. Yes.
17		relied on in coming to their conclusions, is	17	58	Q I see. So social workers are trained to
18		that what you are saying?	18		observe the nonverbal cues, as well as the
19		A Right.	19		verbal cues?
20	51	Q Yes. And is it also important to know if	20		A Right.
21		people have a particular axe to grind, if, for	21	59	Q Makes sense. And I suppose, in a social
22		example, there is evidence of conflict of	22	00	worker's line of work, they will often hear
23		interest, that would be something you would			different perspectives, or different versions
1		want to know in evaluating on whether or not to	23		
24		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24		of what happened or what is wrong from
25		rely on some information; is that right?	25		different people involved in the family
			1		
1					40
_		A Abachitan That is when I stated on front			16
1		A Absolutely. That is why I stated up front	1		situation; is that right?
1 2		A Absolutely. That is why I stated up front where my personal biases come from. Because I	1 2		situation; is that right? A Yes.
l		A Absolutely. That is why I stated up front where my personal biases come from. Because I believe that we all bring biases to the table.		60	situation; is that right? A Yes. Q And so I guess at the end of the day, a
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So, somebody may present something to a social worker, that they believe is the truth. But because they don't have all of the facts, and they don't have the insight that others may have, it, to them, it is a truth, but it may not necessarily be. So it is not straight forward. It is complex, like any other human behavior.

Q So, I think what you are telling me, and I want to make sure I understand it, I think what you are telling me is that observing a person's nonverbal cues, and demeanor, is an important tool, but it is not a hundred percent by any means?

A Right.

17 63 And, I suppose that ties into our earlier conversation in a sense that another tool is 18 understanding who they are and how they think, 19 and what their background is; is that right? 20

Are we speaking about the social worker, or the families?

64 Q In this case, I am talking about the 23 family, . 24

Well, certainly, that is what you hope to

Α Yes.

Q Would you agree with me that the way that child welfare institutions are organized, and funded, that varies considerably from iurisdiction to jurisdiction?

It absolutely does. No one, two countries are exactly the same in any of their policies, or laws, right? I mean there are similarities. With social work, one of the things we have to remember is that what we do here in North America is based on the British model, for example, so as colonies of Britain, many of these countries have been broadly influenced by the British model of social services.

So -- and that, and because the Western World in a lot of ways holds, and maintains similar values and norms, that we see a lot of similarities. And that is held in place a lot by the fact that we share the academic world, in that academics from Canada go to other countries for their degrees, and especially in PhDs. So, that we have PhDs that represent where they have had their degrees from England, United States, Australia, across many of the

do, in terms of doing an assessment, right? Is to be able to understand the circumstances of the family, and how they respond to different situations.

And their past can sometimes, and their past behavior, past words that can shed some light on that?

Α Right.

You had pointed out, or asked me, because I wasn't clear, whether I was talking about social workers, or families, in fact, what we are talking about, doesn't really just apply to social workers, or just apply to families, it is a basic principle of trying to understand and evaluate information from other human beings?

Α Okay.

Do you agree with that? 67 Q 18

Α Yes. Mh-hmm.

I would just like to ask you now, about 68 some of the subparagraphs in that long paragraph 10 in your affidavit. In paragraph 10(a) of your affidavit, you speak to the fact that social services have some similarities amongst the countries that you list.

different Western countries. So, there is -you know, that piece of it. But we also publish internationally. When we are talking about a topic, we are not just going to look at Canada to see how they are working with a particular issue, we are going to look internationally.

We also have visiting scholars, and so forth, where different academics will go to different countries, and spend their sabbaticals.

Is the gist, and, if this isn't the gist, tell me, but is the gist of what you are saying in paragraph 10(a), that there are similar problems around the Western World, but there is lots of different kinds of ways of approaching them, would that be fair?

I think that there is also similarities in, in how we approach it. Because if academically, one of the reasons I am here today is because I believe strongly that the Faculty of Social Work does play a role in terms of the graduates that come out of our program. So that is true, if our education systems are similar, or we are teaching similar

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1		theory, that when people go out into the field	1		balanced?
2		to do their work, they are going to also work,	2		A Yes.
3		or, and use similar approaches to social work.	3	81	Q Principally there is, I am probably
4	71	Q That is interesting, so you can tell	4		simplifying it, there is an important social
5		something about somebody by knowing which	5		value in keeping children safe?
6		school they went to?	6		A Right.
7		A You can have discussions with them, and	7	82	Q And on the other hand, there is an
8		talk about what their positions are on	8		important goal in keeping families united, and
9		different things, but even though, we, we have	9		together?
10	٠	one faculty of social work in Manitoba, that	10		A Right.
11		doesn't mean that all of our social workers are	11	83	Q And sometimes those conflict?
12		going to have the same perspective on	12		A Right.
13		everything, and that they are going to all	13	84	Q And if I am reading your affidavit
14		approach it in the same way.	14	•	correctly, you are saying that the system has
15	72	Q I understand that. But you are saying	15		to strike a balance between those two competing
16		that different faculties have different	16		goals?
17		approaches, you have outlined one?	17		A Yes.
18		A Yes, theoretical approaches, so it may be	18	85	Q And this is is something, I take it, you
19		a structural approach it may be a feminist	19	•••	agree is of vital interest not only to social
20		approach, so there are different emphases on	20		workers, but to all of society?
21		different theories.	21		A I will agree. Yes.
22	73	Q And you consider that to be an important	22	86	Q And it comes through from your affidavit,
23		thing to think about as an academic, and a	23	•	that different people have different views on
24		professor?	24		where that balance should be struck? Is that
25		A I do.	25		fair?
		22			24
1	74	Q Presumably that is because you think that	1		A Certainly there is not total agreement
2		what you do, in your approach, in your faculty,	2		across, you know, the field, or in society, I
3		can influence the future behavior of the	3		would say on that. Because there is a real
4		students that you graduate, right?	4		concern to protect children, and I mean, that
5		A You hope to.	5		is what child welfare, that was what they would
6	75	Q Yes. But you are not arguing that social	6		hope to achieve, right? Some people would say
7		services, in terms of the organization, and	7		that that can be done effectively for a
8		structure, and funding, and administration, is	8		majority of the families by putting in supports
9		the same all across the Western World?	9		for them. And so if all of your efforts, all
10	-	A No, I am not arguing that.	10		of your resources, and finances, and policies
11	76	Q And it hasn't even been the same over time	11		are focused on protecting the child rather than
12	. •	here, right?	12		putting some of that into supporting families
13		A Right.	13		to keep the family together and healthy, then
14	77	Q And some ideas that people thought were	14		there is some stress there in terms of having
15	••	good at one point become discredited?	15		to work with families. So
16		A Yes.	16	87	Q So this issue, to pick-up on that point,
17	78	Q And sometimes they come back again?	17	•	there is a resource allocation piece to the
18	, 5	A Right.	18		debate?
19	79	Q Kind of like bell bottoms.	19		A Absolutely.
20	, 0	A Yeah.	20	88	Q And there is only so much taxpayers,
21	80	Q I was looking at your paragraph	21		money, and it has to be allocated between
22		10(f) actually, maybe I should start with	22		sometimes competing goals is the point, right?
23		10(e), it is more logical. So, paragraph	23		A That is part of it. But the other part
ر آ		10(e), you point out that there are opposing			is that neanle I think one of the most

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10(e), you point out that there are opposing

goals in the child welfare world that must be

is that people -- I think one of the most

devastating things is to lose a child, I don't

Multipage 25 27 think our society -- to me, personally, that 93 Ultimately the democratic body makes 1 1 losing a child is one of the most devastating certain value judgments that social workers 2 2 things a family can experience. And it also live by. 3 3 impacts neighbors, friends, goes in the media Α Through a process such as this. 4 4 Q Through a process such as inquiry, or and it affects everybody that reads it, right? 94 5 5 And so when that level of fear happens, then debate in parliament. 6 6 Α Right. Yes. people start focusing on that more, and putting 7 7 Q Or public debate? 95 the resources more in that. 8 8 Α 89 So, I think what you are saying is, Yes. 9 9 Q - Presumably, you would agree with me, the 96 10 without careful, and informed thought, you can 10 more informed the debate the better the likely end up making the wrong choice as a result of 11 11 circumstances for the long run, is that the 12 result? 12 Α Right. point, if you are not careful? 13 13 97 If you would go then to paragraph (f), I think the point I was making here was 14 14 with that context in mind you make a reference that when young people go into social work, and 15 15 at the bottom of paragraph (f), to legal they go into it because as the literature has 16 16 mentioned, that they go in to -- because they restrictions on the powers of investigation 17 17 want to make changes for people, they want to that social workers have. Are we in the same 18 18 place? help people, they want to support people. And 19 19 20 20

then when they get into child welfare, what they are finding is that people are saying, people are afraid not to apprehend simply because they don't want another child to die in

Q `Ultimately, in terms of making that

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their care.

Α Yes.

98 I think you are talking there about the 21 limits on powers that social workers are given 22 to effectively intrude on the private lives of 23 ordinary citizens? 24

I think what it is, is the principles of

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balance of resources, and emphasis, that is ultimately a community decision, it is not a technical, social decision, it is, as you say, affects the whole community?

A Well, it certainly impacts at the individual social worker's level too. They have to do the assessment. They have to be able to do an assessment where they feel comfortable realizing that child is going to be safe.

Q Are you saying it is social workers who are reacting to short-term crises, as opposed to longer term things, or are you saying it is society and politicians, and the whole society?

I would say it is society. Again that is a fluctuation that you see often in society, as it goes one way and going back the pendulum.

Q You would agree with me that the process of coming to a conclusion that is an acceptable balance of the two competing goals, that is a job that really society needs to deal with?

Social workers are trained to be social workers, right? And to do child welfare. So, certainly, that is what they have to deal with on a daily basis in their work.

protecting the child, and focus being on the child rather than on the family, right? So, yes, in the legal, in the legal part of that, it restricts you into a certain extent in terms of how far you can go in your investigation, so there is things like confidentiality, there is the -- you know where the, where families will say that there is nothing happening, right? And unless you spend enough time with, with that family, and you have enough other collaterals who are speaking to that situation with the families, it is difficult to, to do more than your best work. Right? So legally the family is protected in society from people going in, and doing -- doing harm, right, to the family.

You are not saying that those legal 99 restrictions are a bad thing?

> No, I am not saying that but what this is talking about is being able to find that balance, so that children are protected, families are supported, and that social workers are able to do their jobs without, you know, without breaking laws, but not being so restricted that they are not able to.

		Mul	tipag	е	
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1	100	Q Well breaking laws, or interfering with	1		on page 887 on Ms Regehr's article. In the
2		human rights?	2		middle paragraph, halfway down, where it
3		A Yes.	3		starts, and I will just read it to you, and you
4	101	Q There is a balance that has to be met?	4		can see where I will be. Inquiries are a
5		A Balance is what it is about.	5		means for government to demonstrate concern for
6	102	Q Social work profession involves, like	6		an issue and, to appease the public.
7		policemen and others, intrusion into people's	7		Inquiries, themselves taken on a tone of moral
8		personal lives?	8		righteousness, the motto of the Chief Coroner's
9		A Yes.	9		Office for Ontario, for instance, reads, We
10	103	Q And you are not arguing that government,	10		speak for the dead. Broad statements
11		and society doesn't have a very acute interest	11		recommending sweeping changes on the basis of
12		in knowing where the limits are? That is a	12		dramatic cases can therefore not be questioned
13		valid public interest isn't it?	13		in this climate of might, and right. Are you
14		A Absolutely.	14		with me there?
15	104	Q But I think what you are saying is that	15		A Mh-hmm.
16		social workers have something to add to that	16	111	Q Do you agree with that?
17		debate, because they understand what it is like	17		A Which part of it?
18		in the field?	18	112	Q Well this is a statement made by Ms
19		A Yes. You can go to work in the morning,	19		Regehr, do you agree with all of it?
20		and not know if you are putting your life on	20		A I would agree that making that when
21		the line when you go out in the community.	21		there is a climate of, that is highly intense,
22		So.	22		and that people often become polarized on an
23	105	Q So this is really about a dialogue between	23		issue.
24		social worker, on the one hand and the public	24	113	Q Okay. So you agree to it, to the extent
25		on the other, so that everybody understands	25		it says that. What about the rest of it? Do
		30			32
1		everybody's concern, and can come to a good	1		you agree let me be more specific. Do you
2		decision?	2		think this applies to the Hughes inquiry that
3		A Right.	3		we are dealing with now?
4	106	Q I get that. Did you bring the articles	4		A I don't know a lot about how the inquiry
5		that you cited with you?	5		is, has been progressing up to this point. I
6		A I did.	6		think that there has been a process. This is
7	107	Q Good. In 10(r), you refer to an article	7		something that occurred a number of years ago,
8		written by Ms. Regehr in 2002, and other	8		and there has been a process and some
9		authors.	9		distancing, and that they have looked at
10		A Are you saying (r)? Okay.	10		different, different roles from what I
11	108	Q Yes. 10(r). I am wondering if you	11		understand, of what happened in this situation.
12		could pull out that article.	12		So, there has been investigations. So, I
13		MR. JULIANO: Mr. Kroft, do you mind if	13		would agree that this inquiry is important.
14	she	looks at an electronic version?	14		And that there is a reason that it is here,
		MAD KROET, I have no problem. Vou foll	1		that they are dained it. And there is a note

MR. KROFT: I have no problem. You tell 15 me when you have it, so I am not rushing you. 16 THE WITNESS: I would rather bring mine 17 out. 18

(CROSS-EXAMINATION RECESSED BRIEFLY)

BY MR. KROFT: 20

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Q You have cited an article by Regehr in 21 respect of 10(r), paragraph 10(r), and you have 22 that in front of you now? 23 Yes. 24

And, I want to ask you about the passage

that they are doing it. And, there is a role 15

for it. Yes.

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17 114 Okay. And you are not adopting this paragraph of Ms Regehr and suggesting it 18 applies to this inquiry, are you? 20

Α No, I am not.

115 Ms Regehr in her article, doesn't talk at all about whether identifying social workers, or publishing their names makes a difference to anything she discusses in the article, does she?

Multipage 33 35 I don't believe so. read all of the articles, the 46 articles, or 1 116 Q No. The article certainly doesn't 2 2 whatever. I am feeling the pressure. recommend restricting publication as a remedy So, let's just, let's finish with the 3 3 for social worker stress? Regehr article for a minute. And I think we 4 4 A number of articles talk about inquiries, agree that at least this particular article 5 5 but don't really address that directly. doesn't recommend restrictions on publication 6 6 117 Q Right. And in particular, this article as a remedy for stress of social worker, does 7 7 doesn't address that, does it? it? Can we agree on that? 8 8 Directly? I would have to go over it It does talk about the personal distress 9 9 more carefully. to social workers. 10 10 Q Did you read this as containing a 118 125 Yes, I saw that. I also saw she has a 11 11 recommendation that there should be number of different suggestions for how to deal 12 12 restrictions on publication? Does it say it with that? 13 13 anywhere? I read it, I didn't see that. Do Α Okay, and your question again? 14 1.4 you see, are you reading it differently than 126 One of her suggestions is not restricting 15 15 me? publication, is it? 16 16 Α No. I don't think I am reading it Α No. 17 17 differently. 127 Q And if, if I could just take you to 18 18 Q She --119 paragraph, page 900 of Ms Regehr's article. 19 19 The very last concluding paragraph of her But there are --20 20 120 Q She talks about problems, but she doesn't article, the first line, she says, 21 21 recommend restrictions on publication as the Accountability and continuous improvement are 22 22 solution in this article, does she? important, necessary components of effective 23 23 No, and as I said, not all articles service delivery. Do you agree with that? 24 24 Yes, I do. address the role of the, that particular role. 25 25 36 121 Q And in fact, none of the articles that you 128 Mr. Bernas, in paragraph 10 -- don't 1 1 have cited -answer this, Mr. Bernas, is going to be 2 2 Α There was actually one. involved, I am just going to raise the issue 3 3 122 Q I am sorry, you have to wait until I now. 4 4 finish my question. Then you can tell me I am In paragraph 10(v), as in Victor of your 5 5 wrong. But hear what I have to say, which is, affidavit, you refer to a confidential document 6 6 none of the articles contain a recommendation as something that you relied on in coming to 7 7 that publication should be restricted? Or that your conclusions in this affidavit, do you see 8 8 the identities of social workers should have that? 9 9 restrictions on publication. None of them do Α Mh-hmm. 10 10 that, do they? 129 I am sorry, have you to say yes or no for 11 11 Α I would disagree. the record. 12 12 123 Which article, will you take me to one Α Yes, sorry. 13 13 that recommends that there be a publication Q May I see it? 130 14 14 ban, for example? MR. JULIANO: Mr. Kroft, we did have a 15 15 Α I will have to take a minute to go discussion on this before the examinations commenced. 16 16 We indicated that this document was produced during through. 17 17 124 Q You take all of the time that you need. the course of the proceedings, and it wasn't ours to 18 18 Maybe -- let me to this another way, I am say yes or no. And there have been some discussions 19 19 going to come back to that question. But about whether or not we could produce that document 20 20

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let's look at a few of the articles and see

that would be more efficient. Seeing Mr.

Bernas has turned green, when I told you to

what they say, and we can come back to that

question, it may refresh your memory. I think

to you, and I am not sure that that conversation was

that you have concerns about producing the document

MR. KROFT: And Mr. Bernas, I understand

fully, fully resolved, we would be happy to do so, if

the owners of the document so agreed.

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except on certain trust conditions, which we haven't agreed on, would that be fair?

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MR. BERNAS: Yes. We are, the document in question, I believe was a document of the General Authority which was provided to the Commissioner. It became part of the Commission disclosure, and the document was provided to the parties, who signed confidentiality undertakings, in respect of those documents. My understanding from the review of the affidavit is that Ms Gosek has reviewed the article, or sorry the document, and she also signed a confidentiality undertaking in order to do that.

We are prepared to allow you to see the document in question as you are entitled to for the purposes of this cross-examination, but it would be on the condition that the document be used only for the purposes of this cross-examination.

MR. KROFT: Now, is one of the conditions that I cannot show it, or discuss it with my clients? Are you asking me to make that undertaking?

MR. BERNAS: I am not asking you to make that undertaking, but I am asking you and your clients to undertake to not use the document for any purpose other than for this cross-examination. When the document, if and when the document gets produced privilege.

MR. BERNAS: No.

MR. KROFT: I would like to find a creative

solution if we can. Let me finish the

cross-examination. When we are done you and I will 5 talk, and see if we can find a way to at least see,

and I will have to do -- part of my issue is I can't

get instructions quickly enough to deal with the

conditions that you are suggesting. So we will do

that. So, I will continue, and we will come back 10 and see if we can solve this. 11

MR. BERNAS: Very well.

BY MR. KROFT:

Q All right. I am sorry, about that, Ms Gosek, I am sure you were fascinated by that exchange. You will get a transcript, and you can keep it forever.

> Thank you. Α

132 Q Paragraph 10(w), we move onto the issue of 19 media, are we on the same page of your 20 affidavit? 21

> Α Yes.

Q 133 Okay. Now, you have no expertise in 23 journalism in particular, do you?

I do not. Other than being a consumer.

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- in the course of the public proceedings at this
- inquiry, it will be done so, likely through a 2
- witness, and at that point, there will be a different 3
- position with respect to that document. But until
- the public hearings commence, that is our position 5 6
- with respect to the document. It is to be used only 7

for the purposes of this cross-examination.

MR. KROFT: And, does that mean that I can mark it? I haven't seen the document, but that if I so choose. I can mark it as an exhibit.

MR. BERNAS: I would not allow you to mark it as an exhibit at this point.

MR. KROFT: Could I read it to the witness?

MR. BERNAS: Yes, you could do that.

MR. KROFT: You understand that would be on the public record, and I have to file the transcript which would be on the public record?

MR. BERNAS: Yes.

MR. JULIANO: I can indicate that, of this document, there is probably only a very small piece of it that is even relevant at all. So. I would expect that, Mr. Kroft, what you would be reading in would be very minor.

MR. KROFT: Let's do this. I think we understand positions. You are not claiming a

134 Right. You do cite some articles to support the views that you express in 10(w) at

the bottom. And, those would be your sources? 3 4

Α Yes.

Q Okay. And you have, have those 135 5 documents, I think, beside you? 6 7

Α I do.

Q

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So. let's look at them -- let's look at the Longlade article that you cite to begin. 9 Would you agree with me that Ms. Longlade has a 10 particular model or framework for inquiries 11

into child deaths that she applies to study an 12 inquiry that occurred in Ontario in 1997? 13

> А Right.

137 Q And you would agree with me that Ms 15 Longlade is generally critical of how the 16 inquiry process worked, at least in the inquiry 17 that she studied? Is that a fair description? 18 19

Α She certainly has a critique of it. Yes.

138 On page 296 if you look at the second complete paragraph, last sentence. Here she is introducing her article, I believe, and her -- she suggests that her analysis shows that there are fundamental biases with the inquest process that confound the efforts of

Page 37 to 40 of 83

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And I will just read it into the record. It says, Such analysis, and she is referring to her analysis there, suggests that there are fundamental biases within the inquest process that confound the efforts of inquest participants to arrive at effective means of preventing child deaths.

And, are you intending to, to adopt that statement? Do you agree with it?

To not accept it would be to be saying that inquests, the way our justice system or the way any of our systems work in society don't have biases. And so for, if you are talking about that last sentence, that there are fundamental biases within the inquest process, I would say, that, you know, considering her analysis of it, that that is the opinion that she has come up with.

Q And, is it one that you adopt? Α I haven't looked at this particular

interviewed, and what the complete process of 1 this inquest is. To be able to determine 2 that, it would be done more after the fact. 3 But saying that anything, within our society, 4 is not biased in some way, I don't think would 5 6 be accurate.

Q Okav. 143 7

Α Because we bring a liberal perspective to our justice system and so forth. So, what the exact biases are, I couldn't tell you.

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144 So, in terms of what she is saving in this 11 article, you are not expressing an opinion 12 today one way or the other? Would that be 13 fair, or --14

I am saying that she is speaking to a particular inquest, and that she is --

145 The conclusions that she reaches may be 17 different for different situations, is really 18 what you are saying? 19

I would say that each inquest has, stands on its own merit.

Q Okay. But Ms Longlade, be it based on an 146 inquest that you are not familiar with, makes certain recommendations to improve inquest, or inquiry processes, you would agree with me

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inquest in, in any depth. So, I would assume that, that that is what her findings are.

Q I really can't ask you to assume things. I mean, if the answer is that you don't know enough to agree with her or disagree with her at this point in time, that is a fine answer. if it is true. Is that what you are telling me?

A Yes. Because I don't know that inquest circumstances.

Q Right. And you are certainly not 141 suggesting that this inquest is biased, or are you? I shouldn't put it this way. This particular inquest, or inquiry, you are not suggesting that this one is biased, or are you suggesting this one is biased?

A Well, could you define biased then in terms of inquests?

142 Q I define it the same way that Ms Longlade 19 does in the article that you cited? 20

> Well, basically, in her approach to this she is saying that it is a story of experience, and not an impartial, and comprehensive exploration. So like I -- and I don't know the exact steps, and who all is being

that that is what she does in part of her article?

Α Mh-hmm. Yes.

And would you agree with me that she 147 4 advocates greater involvement of non-social 5 workers, in the process? You can look at page 6 307. In her conclusion and recommendation 7 section in the second paragraph, second 8 9 sentence.

> Α I would agree.

Q She says that, so you agree with that. 148 11 Do you also agree that what she says is a good 12 suggestion? 13

> Α I am -- your question.

149 I want to make sure you are answering the 15 right question. My first question is do you 16 agree that she is advocating greater 17 involvement of non-social workers in the 18 process? 19

Α

20 150 Q Do you agree that that recommendation is a 21 good suggestion? 22

> Yes. In that it is not only child welfare that is involved with the families and the children but there is other collaterals,

Multipag

		·	page		
١.		45		450	47
1		such as the medical people, schools, whoever is		159	Q I take it you are familiar with this
2		involved in their lives. So, in order to get	2		article?
3		a complete story you need to have everybody's	3	400	A lam.
4	464	version.	4	160	Q And Harding argues that aboriginal child
5	151	Q And another suggestion that Ms. Regehr	5		welfare authorities are reported in a more
6		makes, and her coauthors, is that child welfare	6		negative light than non-aboriginal agencies in
7		professionals should be advocating on behalf of	7		the case of tragedies, right?
8		their clients, and workers, to promote better	8		A Right.
9		understanding of child protection work. She is	9	161	Q That is the basic theme of his article?
10		suggesting that at page 308? I am referring to	10		A Right.
11		the very last paragraph of her article. In	11	162	Q His recommendation, is more aboriginal
12		about the middle. I can read it to you. She	12		people should be involved in reporting, and in
13		says, Steps that professionals can take include	13		media ownership even, do you agree with that?
14		advocating on behalf of clients and workers to	14		A Right.
15		promote better understanding of child	15	163	Q He does not recommend that there should be
16		protection work, et cetera. That is her	16		restrictions on reporting of inquiries or court
17		recommendation. You agree with me that I am	17		proceedings, does he?
18		reading it correctly?	18		A No, I think he is calling for fair
19		A Yes.	19		reporting, media reporting
20	152	Q And do you agree that it is a good	20	164	Q But, not restricted reporting?
21		suggestion?	21		A Well I guess that depends on who you talk
22		A Yes. I think it is an important part of	22		to.
23		being a social worker.	23	165	Q I am asking, not your opinion, I am saying
24	153	Q Another one of her suggestions, to improve	24		Mr. Harding isn't suggesting it? Or if he is,
25		the process is that she suggests that	25		show me where I have missed it?
		•			
		46			48
1		recommendations should be prioritized. Do you	1		_
1 2		recommendations should be prioritized. Do you	1 2		A No. I think it is more about caution,
1		recommendations should be prioritized. Do you agree that that is what she is suggesting?	1		A No. I think it is more about caution, you know, how, and bringing to light the fact
2		recommendations should be prioritized. Do you agree that that is what she is suggesting? And that would be at the bottom of page 307?	2		A No. I think it is more about caution, you know, how, and bringing to light the fact that aboriginal agencies are often looked at in
2 3 4	154	recommendations should be prioritized. Do you agree that that is what she is suggesting? And that would be at the bottom of page 307? A I see that as common sense.	2 3 4	-	A No. I think it is more about caution, you know, how, and bringing to light the fact that aboriginal agencies are often looked at in a great deal of a lot of detail, and that
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11		recommendations should be prioritized. Do you agree that that is what she is suggesting? And that would be at the bottom of page 307? A I see that as common sense. Q So she makes a number of suggestions for how to improve things in an inquiry process, you agree with me? A Right. Q And, you will agree with me, though, she doesn't suggest in any of her recommendations that there should be a restriction on	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	166	A No. I think it is more about caution, you know, how, and bringing to light the fact that aboriginal agencies are often looked at in a great deal of a lot of detail, and that they are often negatively portrayed in the media. And that the surrounding facts the systemic factors aren't addressed. Q When you say that, and when he says that, he is comparing how aboriginal agencies are reported as compared to non-aboriginal agencies?
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13		recommendations should be prioritized. Do you agree that that is what she is suggesting? And that would be at the bottom of page 307? A I see that as common sense. Q So she makes a number of suggestions for how to improve things in an inquiry process, you agree with me? A Right. Q And, you will agree with me, though, she doesn't suggest in any of her recommendations that there should be a restriction on publication in of identities of anybody? A I think she speaks to the Q Or social workers, I should say?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13		A No. I think it is more about caution, you know, how, and bringing to light the fact that aboriginal agencies are often looked at in a great deal of a lot of detail, and that they are often negatively portrayed in the media. And that the surrounding facts the systemic factors aren't addressed. Q When you say that, and when he says that, he is comparing how aboriginal agencies are reported as compared to non-aboriginal agencies? A Right. Q Okay. You cite, I think, an article by Patrick Ayre, that is also in, you cited in
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<u> </u>			49	9-		51
Paragonia .	1		you need a break, just ask for one, that would	1		impact.
	2		be fine, by the way.	2	180	Q He suggests a completely different
and a	3		Now, in this article, you would agree with	3		solution to that, right?
ğ	4		me that Ayre is critical of media coverage of	4		A All I can really say is that, you know, it
3	5		child abuse scandals in England and Wales in	5		is about balance, and you know, he does really
(bytenya)	6		the 1970s, '80s, and '90s, right?	6		point out the negative, the damage that is done
2	7		A Right.	7		by the media, in terms of some of its
¥	8 1	171	Q And he attributes that coverage, and the	8		reporting.
unici incides	9		negative things about that coverage to a	9	181	Q Well, he, he discusses the negative
1	0		defensive response by relevant authorities to	10		aspects of the media.
1 1	1		the tragedies; isn't that right?	11		A Yes.
1	2		A Yes.	12	182	Q But then he suggests something that is
1	з 1	172	Q He suggests that the social work	13		very different than what you are suggesting.
] 1	4	-	profession has been too closed to the media,	14		He is suggesting more openness, right?
1	5		right?	15		A I still have to see where that is. And I
1	6		A That who has been too closed?	16		am having trouble even reading.
§ 1	7 1	173	Q The social work profession has been too	17	183	Q Let's review it again. 898. Look at
1	8		closed to the media?	18		page 898. Do you agree with me, that he says,
1	9		A The, this article, and the others were	19		All too often the media are regarded as
1 2	0		referenced in to support sort of the negative	20		essentially and inevitably hostile to child
2	1		press reports, and how that is detrimental.	21		protection services and the only strategic
2	2 1	174	Q But none of them suggest that the	22		approach deployed is avoidance at all costs.
§ 2	3		solution	23		In its simplest form his strategy has consisted
1 2	4		A Not these particular ones, no.	24		of non-cooperation with press inquiries about
2	5	175	Q Do any of the articles that you cited	25		incidents, refusal to comment, and failure to
8						
			50			52
May (Societa	1		50 suggest that the way to do it, is to restrict	1		52 provide background information or to make
Management Transport	1	<u></u>	suggest that the way to do it, is to restrict	1 2		provide background information or to make
SCHOOL CONTRACTOR	2	<u></u>	suggest that the way to do it, is to restrict the right of the press to report on these	1 2 3		provide background information or to make credible spokespersons available for interview.
SCHOOL CONTRACTOR	2 3		suggest that the way to do it, is to restrict the right of the press to report on these matters?	2		provide background information or to make credible spokespersons available for interview. This is essentially a hazardous approach. Have
Acceptances Communications Section	2 3 4		suggest that the way to do it, is to restrict the right of the press to report on these matters? A Yes. I know there was one, I read it	2 3 4		provide background information or to make credible spokespersons available for interview. This is essentially a hazardous approach. Have I read that correctly?
Transference Transference Transference	2 3 4 5	176	suggest that the way to do it, is to restrict the right of the press to report on these matters? A Yes. I know there was one, I read it this morning.	2 3 4 5	184	provide background information or to make credible spokespersons available for interview. This is essentially a hazardous approach. Have I read that correctly? A Still trying to find it. There.
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			page	<u></u>	
١.	188	Q And he discusses problems associated with		198	Q Yes.
1	100	'	1	190	A So, he is commenting on how the tone, and
2		both kinds of reviews, and then comes up with a way of reviewing that he thinks would be better	2		presentations of these reports were noticeably
3			3		•
4		than both, right?	4		different from those in previous public
5	400	A Yes.	5	400	inquiries and reports.
6	189	Q If you go to page 233 he points out that	6	199	Q These are the internal reviews, that he is
7		the, that there is a flaw weakness in a system	7		critical of?
8		of private reviews, because it lacks any	8	000	A Mh-hmm.
9		element of external scrutiny. Do you agree	9	200	Q Yes. You have to say yes?
10		that external scrutiny is a valid concern?	10	004	A Yes. Sorry.
11		A In terms of internal?	11	201	Q And, while we are on this article, in
12	190	Q Yes. That if you don't have a public	12		fact, you refer to a comment that Mr. Corby
13		process, if it is just an internal process that	13		made in parenthesis, I am just going to find
14		is a weakness?	14		it, the comment you, maybe you can help me find
15		A Depends on what, what the issue is.	15		it, has to do with appropriately anonymized.
16	191	Q So you wouldn't go so far as Mr. Corby	16		A That is in that same no.
17		does?	17	202	Q Yes, I found it, 238. The last full
18		A Well, if he is talking about doing, you	18		paragraph on the page.
19		know inquiries into children's deaths, and he	19		A Right.
20		is saying that they need to be external, I	20	203	Q Where is he is talking about inquiry
21		would agree.	21		reports, and then he has in brackets, suitably
22	192	Q Okay.	22		anonymized, should be made available to the
23		A But, I don't think there is anything wrong	23		public in their entirety. Again, in order to
24		with also doing an internal.	24		allay public concern, and to ensure that they
25	193	Q In addition to?	25	*	are available to practitioners, et cetera.
			1		
		54			56
1		A Right.	1		That was the full sentence you were quoting
1 2	194		1 2		
	194	A Right.	i .		That was the full sentence you were quoting
2	194	A Right. Q And he criticizes, if you look at the last	2	204	That was the full sentence you were quoting from in your affidavit, I take it?
2	194	A Right. Q And he criticizes, if you look at the last paragraph on the page, reviews that are carried	2	204	That was the full sentence you were quoting from in your affidavit, I take it? A Right.
2 3 4	194	A Right. Q And he criticizes, if you look at the last paragraph on the page, reviews that are carried out away from the public gaze. Do you see	3 4	204	That was the full sentence you were quoting from in your affidavit, I take it? A Right. Q You agree with me, he doesn't say what
2 3 4 5	194 195	A Right. Q And he criticizes, if you look at the last paragraph on the page, reviews that are carried out away from the public gaze. Do you see that? I have read that correctly? A Yes.	2 3 4 5	204	That was the full sentence you were quoting from in your affidavit, I take it? A Right. Q You agree with me, he doesn't say what suitably anonymized means?
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	<u> </u>	57			59
1		A He didn't say it in the same words as I	1		reviews - for example families might wish to
2	208	have just said it. Q Where does he say it in any words? I am	2		ensure confidentiality and professionals and agencies might be concerned about the way in
3	200	suggesting to you, he doesn't. Can we agree	3 4		which public material might be used to support
4		on that? Doesn't mean you can't say it, but	5		disciplinary procedures, or negligence claims.
5		he doesn't say it.	6		You see that?
§ 7		A He doesn't say social workers. But if	7		A Yes. I read that.
3 8		you are speaking about inquiries, such as this	8	215	Q Do you agree that I read it correctly?
9	•	one	9		A Yes.
10	209	Q Well, no, I am not, I am speaking now	10	216	Q Okay. So, the problems that publicity
11		about what his article says. And can we agree	11	•	might have for professionals, and agencies that
12		that he doesn't say that social workers should	12		he is referring to have to do with prejudicing
" 13		be anonymized?	13		other legal or disciplinary proceedings, right?
14	-	A He doesn't say directly that it is the	14		A They are talking about case reviews here,
15		social workers. He doesn't say it is the	15		not inquiry.
16		families, and the children either.	16	217	Q Yes, but he is talking about concerns
17	210	Q No. We don't know what he is saying from	17		about why publicity, the lack of publicity is a
18		his article, right?	18		problem in those internal reviews, right?
19		A Well, if you follow his line of argument,	19		A He has identified that. Yes.
20		and the discussion in terms of, you know, the	20	218	Q Yes. And he is saying that there could
21		role that the media has played, I would have	21		be a problem with publicity, if you have it,
22		taken it to be, you know, the confidentiality	22		for social workers, and agencies, he says that,
23	-	of people who could be identified that are vulnerable, and that would include social	23		right? A Right.
24		workers.	24 25	219	Q And he says the problem would be, because
1		·	23	210	7 and the days the problem would be, because
1		. 58			60
1	211	Q Can you point me to the passage where he	1		it could prejudice other legal proceedings,
2		says that, and you draw that meaning from?	2		right?
3		A I would have to go over the article to	3		A That is what this author is saying, yes.
4		make that argument.	4	220	Q That is all he says in this paragraph, any
5	212	Q You can't find it now?	5		way?
3 6		A I don't think it is said specifically.	6		A Right. And they are talking about case
7		It is just following the line of argument,	7	221	reviews. Q And why case reviews are a problem because
8		which is why, you know, which was quoted in terms of supporting the statement that I made	8	221	they are not open to the public.
1 9		that there has been, that it has been	9		A Right. But that is at a different level
10		recognized that there is extensive negative	10		than doing an inquiry.
12		press impacts at the social worker end of it,	12	222	Q Okay. If you go to page 239 of the
13		and agency levels, and that is documented in	13		article. This is where he discusses some of
14		this literature.	14		his recommendations, you would agree with that?
15	213	Q Let's look at page 233, the only thing,	15		A Right.
16		there is one piece, here where I think he	16	223	Q And he agrees that the system of inquiry
17		touches on the concept. Take a look at 233,	17		should ensure a strong element of independent
18		the very last paragraph in the page, where he	18		scrutiny? And I think you agree with that,
19		starts out saying the third weakness is that	19		don't you? At least for child deaths, I think
20		these reviews are carried out away from the	20		you said. That is in the first paragraph
J 21		public gaze. You just read through that.	21		second line. Do you see where I am referring?
22	214		22		A I am sorry, which sentence was it?
23		speaks somewhat to the issue we are talking	23	224	Q He says, The key aims of the type of
1 24		about. He says, There are reasons why	24		inquiry outlined here would be to ensure
25	· .	publicity is a problematic issue for case	25		comprehensive coverage, regularity of systems,
1			<u> </u>		

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		61			63
1		a strong element of independent scrutiny	1		is any article where there is a recommendation
2		(without losing professional expertise) speed	2		that to improve issues of publicity, there
3		of response, and openness, did I read that	3		should be a ban on publication?
4		correctly?	4		A I think the literature has been really
5		A Yes.	5		clear in terms on the damage that is done by
6	225	Q You agree with me, he is recommending	6		negative media coverage of inquests. I can't
7		openness, and independent scrutiny?	7		recall at this point, whether or not the
8		A He is, without losing professional	8		articles that I have reviewed, it is not to say
9		expertise.	9		there isn't other articles out there that to
10	226	Q By that, he means that the people making	10		make that statement that the media should be
11		decisions or recommendations, should be,	11		banned from it, I don't the media shouldn't
12		include people with professional expertise,	12		be band from the inquiries, but the I am
13		that is what he means, is that how you are	13		supporting that social workers should not have
14		reading it?	14		their names published.
15		A Are you referring that it is the media,	15	235	Q That is your personal opinion, you didn't
16		that	16		draw that from any of the articles that you
17	227	Q No, I am inferring that it should be an	17		cited?
18	441	external review, but the people involved should	18		A I definitely drew on it, in terms of
19		have some professional expertise.	19		forming my opinion. In terms of how, you
		A Yes.	20		know, how negative, and how damaging it can be
20	228	Q I think that is all he is saying, isn't	21		to individuals when it is not fair coverage.
	220	it?	22	236	Q But people, I am sorry, but people who
22		A I believe so.	23	230	wrote these articles that you cited, some of
23	229	Q And, do you see at the bottom of that same	1		them, in any event, talked about the negative
24	. 223	paragraph, where he acknowledges the need to	24		publicity, right?
25		paragraph, where he acknowledges the need to	25		publicity, right:
ļ		62	 		64
		62	 		Δ Right
1		satisfy the concerns of the public about	1	237	A Right.
2		satisfy the concerns of the public about professional accountability?	2	237	A Right. Q And some of them had all different kinds
2 3	220	satisfy the concerns of the public about professional accountability? A Yes.	2	237	A Right. Q And some of them had all different kinds of reasons for why that is the case, if it is,
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2 3 4 5	230	satisfy the concerns of the public about professional accountability? A Yes. Q Do you agree that that is an important objective?	2 3 4 5	237	A Right. Q And some of them had all different kinds of reasons for why that is the case, if it is, and also how to fix it, right? They came up with suggestions, they didn't just whine about
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		65	<u> </u>		67
1		they are remembered in, in you know, in a very	1		that relationship becomes public knowledge.
2		negative way. Their beautiful spirits aren't	2		Right to the families.
3		acknowledged in that at all.	3	248	Q Have you done any work, when you came to
4	240	Q You would ban that as well?	4		the conclusions set out in your affidavit,
§ 5		A I would find another way to name	5		looking at why it is we have open judicial
6		inquirles.	6		proceedings, and have had for centuries, have
7	241	Q Would you have the Government say that	7		you researched that?
8		people can't call it that way?	8		A I haven't researched it in detail. My
9		A Would I ban them?	9		background is is not law.
10	242	Q Yes.	10	249	Q So you haven't really done any work in
11		A I don't have the power to do that.	11		that field, you are not an expert there?
12	243	Q If you were in government or a judge,	12		A I don't see myself as an expert. I
13		would you consider making an order about how	13		certainly have looked at the justice system in
14		people could refer to things?	14		the context of indigenous peoples, and their
15		A I think it starts with education, and	15		treatment in the system and outcomes.
16		people need to think, because changes are made	16	250	Q But how about reasons why we have open
17	•	based on people becoming educated on issues,	17		courts, and why witnesses testify in public?
18		and, you know, in our culture, children are	18		Have you researched and considered all of the
19		beautiful gifts that are given to us. And,	19		research, and thinking that went into that
20		when they are lost to us in that way, a very	20		system that we have in Canada?
21		violent way, I think that it is important that	21	054	A No, I am not a lawyer.
22	044	they don't memorialize them in that way.	22	251	Q No, I understand. I don't have anything
23	244	Q But do you think that is a matter of being	23		more. MR. IRELAND: I need five minutes. I
24		sensitive, smart, and logical, or do you think that is something that the government should	24	won	't be nearly as long as Mr. Kroft.
25		that is something that the government should	25	WOII	t be nearly as long as wir. Molt.
41					
		66			68
1		legislate of on or ban?	1	•	CROSS-EXAMINATION RECESSED BRIEFLY)
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1		School of Social Work to complete my PhD with	1	262	Q It is fair to say there are people who	
2		them.	2		deal with children and families in the field,	
3	255	Q I am not entirely sure as to what is	3		would that be fair?	
4		special about that. People study for PhDs.	4		A Well the majority have at least a BSW	
5	•	A That means that they have made special	5		degree, or an MSW degree, so for the majority I	
6		arrangements to have me as a student in their	6		would see them as trained social workers, BSW.	
7		school. And so that they have brought together	7	263	Q Okay. Paragraph four and five of your	
8		a group of academics, who have the	8		affidavit you talk about the cohort method of	
9		specialization that I am looking for, that I	9		teaching.	
10		can't find in anywhere else in Canada. So,	10		A Right.	
11		that means that there is, everybody on my	11	264	Q Which you are obviously involved with; is	
12		committee, for example, are social work, child	12		that correct? In terms of teaching courses	
13		welfare, indigenous child welfare specialists,	13		within that method?	•
14		or have, their focus or academic focus in that	14		A I have, as a distance education	
15		area, and that they bring in another, there is	15		coordinator with the faculty, I helped to, to	
16		a committee member that belongs to another	16		bring together to form the cohorts in	
17		faculty, that actually, I could have taken the	17		cooperation with different communities,	
18		degree through, but chose to do one in social	18		indigenous communities in particular. And so I	
19		work. So that is just a special arrangement	19	-	have taught in them, I have advised in them, I	
20		the University of Victoria has taken.	20		have administered. I have at one point was	
21	256	Q Okay. Very well. You have noted your	21		running a program with three hundred students	
22		area of experience is foster care experiences	22		through distance, with half time person to	
23		of indigenous people.	23		assist. So I was working at all aspects of	
24		A Foster care?	24		it.	
25	257	Q I can be difficult to understand. I	25	265	Q Okay. At the end of paragraph 5 you talk	
 		70	-		70	
		70			72	
1		apologize.	1		about having informal discussions with students	
2	258	apologize. A No, it is lovely.	2		about having informal discussions with students regarding their experiences?	
2	258	apologize. A No, it is lovely. Q Foster care of indigenous people. Your	2	266	about having informal discussions with students regarding their experiences? A Right.	
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2 3 4 5	258	apologize. A No, it is lovely. Q Foster care of indigenous people. Your area expands beyond children and families, and indigenous people involved as workers, as well?	2 3 4 5	266	about having informal discussions with students regarding their experiences? A Right. Q Trite to say perhaps, but you don't have notes of any of these discussions?	
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1		the MSW, part of the advising is just sitting	1		there is a real commitment to the children, and
2		down and talking with people, talking about	2		to the families from some of the social workers
3		their careers, or their expectations for	3		that I have spoken to you.
4		careers, and so forth. So, there is a lot of	4	271	Q My understanding of what you are saying,
5		discussion that happens. And	5	•	there are positive aspects of what is reported
6	267	Q That is clear from your affidavit, I don't	6		to you as well, is that fair?
7		mean to cut you off. The answer to the	7		A Yes.
8		question is no, you don't have notes of those	8	272	Q Mr. Kroft went through in detail paragraph
9		conversations.	9		10 of your affidavit, and I don't intend to do
10		A No, I don't have notes.	10		that. But I will just point you, if I can, to
11	268	Q Very well. And the other question, I have	11		sub (g), sub (g) basic premise of what you are
12		on that point is when people are sharing these	12		saying, in my view, is there are many reasons
13		experiences, I am not asking for specifics, but	13		why social workers leave the profession of
14		when people are sharing these experiences,	14		social work; is that fair?
15		presumably many of them are positive, in terms	15		A Yes.
16		of working within child welfare.	16	273	Q You would agree that those reasons are
17		A Students, if they haven't worked, there is	17		intrinsic to the profession itself. That is
18		no yes or no answer, sorry. There is	18		to say, that the reasons exist because it is a
19	269	Q You have no need to apologize.	19		difficult job in many respects.
20		A Students who have experience in the child	20		A For part of it. I mean part of it is
21		welfare work will have an opinion on whether or	21		also people bring in a complex people are
22	•	not it is something they really enjoy.	22		just very complex. So, they may bring to their
23		Something they don't want to do for the rest of	23		work different ways of viewing the world, or
24		their career. A lot of the students haven't	24		how things should be done, and so for some it
25		had any opportunity to work in child welfare at	25		is a personal struggle, as well as having to
		74			76
1		all, and they are very apprehensive because of	1		deal with some of these issues.
2		the things they do hear about different	2	274	
3		stresses that social workers undergo in the	3		subparagraph (i) through to, suppose (n), and
4.	•	field, and in particular in child welfare.	4		you talk about the review of the literature
5		And I forget your question again.	5		with regard to high turnover rates in social
6	270	Q My question was whether some of the	6		work.
7		comments you heard, seems like you have heard a	7		A Yes.
8		lot of them, are positive about working in	8	275	Q You would agree with me that there are
9		child welfare. One would imagine a group of	9		again, many reasons that the turnover rate
10		people practicing that, or soon to be	10		would be high in the social work profession in
11		practicing that, would have positives	11		general, and particularly within child
12		experiences as well as negative experiences, is	12		protection, is that fair?
13		that fair?	13		A Yes.
14		A I would say it is fair that people who	14	276	Q And you have quoted a number of studies,
15		have experience working in child welfare make	15		academic articles, and research that has been
16		comments such as I really enjoy working with	16		done around that issue. Is that fair?
17		the families, I really enjoy the support piece	17		A Yes.
18		of it. I find it difficult to, from, for	18	277	Q What I get when I read those paragraphs,
19		other reasons, whether it is the apprehensions,	19		is that you think high turnover based on your
20		because there is always a personal aspect to	20		own opinion, and on the literature you have
21		that. They are also concerned about the case	21		read is a detrimental thing for child welfare,
22		loads, because they are much too heavy.	22		is that fair?
23		So all of those different things that I	23		A Yes.
24		have mentioned in the affidavit, are things	24	278	Q And there are a number of articles, which
25		that they work with on a daily basis. But	25		you have reviewed, and analyzed the reasons for

25

that they work with on a daily basis. But

you have reviewed, and analyzed the reasons for

			page	<u> </u>	
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1		high turnover because they are trying to	1		towards the end says, Well as interlocking
2		improve the outcome, is that okay? Would you	2		issues such as interagency communication that
3		agree with that?	3	-	results in individuals, agencies and families
4		A The reason that they are researching it is	4		working in isolation results in a culture of
5		to yes, is to get an understanding of it, so	5		blame which is unhelpful for agencies working
6		things can improve.	6		with clients. While inquiry reports to be made
7	279	Q You would say generally it is important to	7		publicto be simply anonymized, and Mr.
8		review and analyze things to make improvement?	8		Kroft has been over that in detail. Would you
وا		A Yes.	9		say that people are less likely to report
10	280	Q As we go on through the subsections of	10		difficulties in a public inquiry?
11		paragraph 10, I believe, in subsection (s) I am	11		A Are they less likely to report?
12		just going to read something from that, I will	12	285	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	200	, h h h h h
13		ask about your position on it. In the middle	13		difficulties. Can I take it difficulties
14		of the paragraph it says, As with most	14		means mistakes that people may have made?
15		inquiries they anticipate, talking about social	15		A That article doesn't say that. There it
16		workers, they anticipate more changes to	16		is talking about perhaps it may be that those
17		policies and increased paperwork, which takes	17		difficulties are people's difficulty in
18		more time and energy to become familiar with,	18		understanding the circumstances around
19		and to implement. And that is time that could	19		particular family issues, that they are working
20		be spent with clients, do you know what I am	20		with. It doesn't necessarily mean that it is
21		talking about?	21		a cover up of something that they have done in
22		A Right.	22		terms of a mistake.
23	281	Q And you reference, I think the Regehr	23	286	Q Just above there, when it is quoting from
24		article. You agree with that statement,	24		the, If we blame staff for what happens, and
25	•	clearly, it is in your affidavit?	25		make them fearful of reporting difficulties the
		oloury) kilo in your amaavit.	25		make them learner or reporting anneaties the
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1			1		80
۱,			,		reality of the problem can neither be
1	282	A Yes.	1		reality of the problem can neither be
2	282	A Yes. Q I want to draw your attention to the word	2		reality of the problem can neither be systematically examined nor action taken to
2 [']	282	A Yes. Q I want to draw your attention to the word "anticipate". When I read that, is it fair to	2		reality of the problem can neither be systematically examined nor action taken to remedy them. So you would agree with that
2 3 4	282	A Yes. Q I want to draw your attention to the word "anticipate". When I read that, is it fair to say that even before these processes, and	2 3 4		reality of the problem can neither be systematically examined nor action taken to remedy them. So you would agree with that statement?
2 3 4 5	282	A Yes. Q I want to draw your attention to the word "anticipate". When I read that, is it fair to say that even before these processes, and inquiries, inquests, whatever they may be, come	2 3 4 5		reality of the problem can neither be systematically examined nor action taken to remedy them. So you would agree with that statement? A I am sorry. Where is that?
2 3 4	282	A Yes. Q I want to draw your attention to the word "anticipate". When I read that, is it fair to say that even before these processes, and inquiries, inquests, whatever they may be, come around, social workers are already anticipating	2 3 4	287	reality of the problem can neither be systematically examined nor action taken to remedy them. So you would agree with that statement? A I am sorry. Where is that? Q That is in the middle of the paragraph.
2 3 4 5	282	A Yes. Q I want to draw your attention to the word "anticipate". When I read that, is it fair to say that even before these processes, and inquiries, inquests, whatever they may be, come around, social workers are already anticipating a negative effect.	2 3 4 5	287	reality of the problem can neither be systematically examined nor action taken to remedy them. So you would agree with that statement? A I am sorry. Where is that? Q That is in the middle of the paragraph. If we blame, it is a quotation?
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5		REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE	
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7		,	
		I, Jill Proctor, Official Court Reporter, hereby	
8		i, Jili Proctor, Official Court Reporter, hereby	
9		certify that the foregoing pages are a true and	
10		accurate transcript of the proceedings taken	
11		down by me in shorthand and transcribed to the	
12		best of my skill and ability.	
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